

Laboratory Surveillance Report

SARS-CoV-2

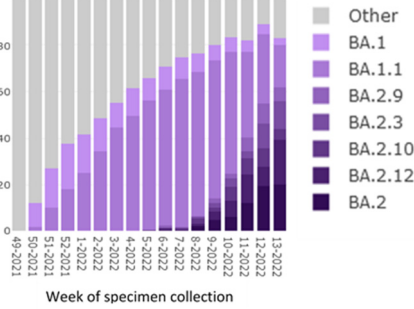
- SARS-CoV-2 activity is increasing in Wisconsin (3.0%) and nationally (4.1%).
- Omicron [B.1.1.529/BA.1 and its sublineages] was the predominant variant detected in Wisconsin (>99%) and nationally (100%).
- The proportion of Omicron sublineage BA.2 and its sublineages is increasing in Wisconsin (62%).

Influenza

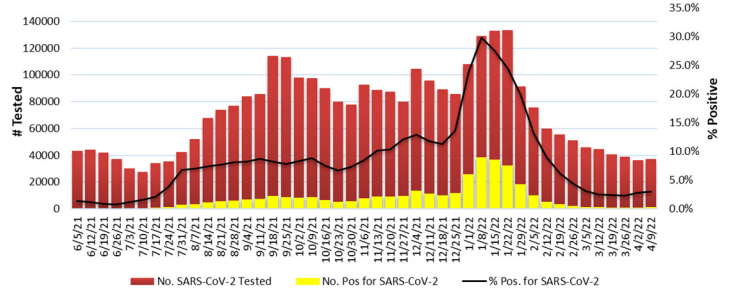
- Influenza activity is increasing in Wisconsin (8.4%) and nationally (8.4%).
- The dominant Influenza subtype is H3N2.

SARS-CoV-2 & Influenza Surveillance Updates:

Proportion of Sublineages of Omicron Circulating (Wisconsin)



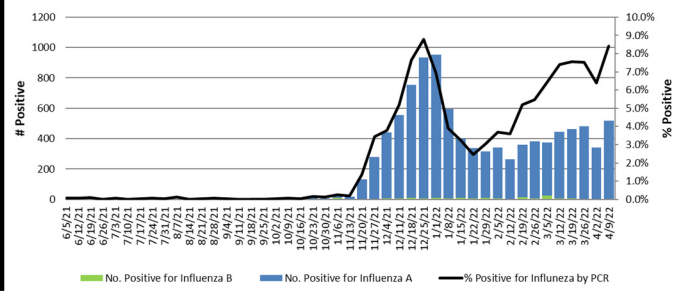
% Positive SARS-CoV-2 by PCR (Wisconsin), June 2021 to Week Ending April 9, 2022



To enhance surveillance activities, the WSLH asks labs to please send:

- A sampling of specimens from influenza-related hospitalizations (e.g. 1 per week).
- Influenza A specimens that fail to subtype (Ct <35) if subtyping for 2009 pdmH1 and H3 were performed.
- Please send **up to 5** SARS-CoV-2 specimens per week.

% Positive for Influenza by PCR (Wisconsin), June 2021 to Week Ending April 9, 2022



Links:

- The WSLH sequencing dashboard is available here: <https://dataportal.slh.wisc.edu/sc2dashboard>
- A current summary of COVID-19 data for Wisconsin can be found here: <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/covid-19/data.htm>
- The influenza, RSV and respiratory virus activity graphs can be viewed here: <http://www.slh.wisc.edu/wcln-surveillance/surveillance/virology-surveillance/>
- The bacterial, viral and parasitic activity graphs can be viewed here: <http://www.slh.wisc.edu/wcln-surveillance/surveillance/gastropathogen-surveillance/>

Week Ending April 9, 2022*

Resp. Pathogen PCR	# Tested	% Positive
SARS-CoV-2	37335	3.0
Rhinovirus/Enterovirus	863	11.6
Human metapneumovirus	921	10.6
Influenza A	6137	8.4
Seasonal coronaviruses	222	5.9
Parainfluenza	906	5.5
Adenovirus	222	1.8
RSV	2977	1.1
<i>B. pertussis</i>	372	0.0

Other Surveillance Data-Wisconsin:

Respiratory pathogens

- SARS-CoV-2 activity in WI is increasing
- Seasonal respiratory virus activities are increasing including influenza, rhinoviruses/enteroviruses, human metapneumovirus, seasonal coronaviruses and parainfluenza viruses

Gastropathogens

- Norovirus activity in WI is high.
- Others detected included: EPEC (3.3%), Astrovirus (2.8%), ETEC (2.0%), EAEC (1.9%), Adenovirus 40/41 (1.5%), EIEC (0.8%), and *Yersinia enterocolitica* (0.2%).

Week Ending April 9, 2022*

GI Pathogen PCR	# Tested	% Positive
Norovirus	524	14.3
Rotavirus	495	10.3
Sapovirus	398	2.0
<i>Salmonella</i>	544	2.0
<i>Campylobacter</i>	544	1.8
STEC	544	1.5
<i>Cryptosporidium</i>	460	1.1
<i>Giardia</i>	460	0.4
<i>Shigella</i>	480	0.4
<i>E. coli</i> O157	356	0.0
<i>Cyclospora</i>	364	0.0

* On a weekly basis, participating Wisconsin clinical laboratories voluntarily report to WSLH the total number of tests performed, the method used for detection, and the number of those tests with positive results.